

# **Automating Assessment of Computational Reproducibility in Machine Learning Research**

Victoria Stodden

Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering  
University of Southern California

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# Agenda

1. The Model Checking Value Proposition for Machine Learning
2. Leveraging Steps in the Community
3. Reproscreener: A New Tool for ML Model Checking (Preliminary Empirical Results)
4. Next steps

# 1. Model Checking Value Proposition: Potential Gains

Scalability to large-scale complex models

- e.g. integration of multiple large data sources, deployment on large scale / high throughput computing systems.

Verification of model performance

- Consistency of results / predictions across time, systems, data / Reproducibility

Transparency / interpretability

Efficiency in resource use / Discovery speedup

- Computing systems: compute time, appropriate benchmarking;
- Engineers: code re-use, reduction in effort duplication

# Model Checking Value Proposition: Potential Drawbacks

## Increased overhead

- Additional computational step(s) in model building, deployment

## Culture change

- Increased emphasis on reproducibility, verification, correctness in ML models

## Hewing to the wrong goals

## 2. Community Efforts

### ML model publication standards

- Gunderson ([AAAI 2018](#))
- Pineau ([JMLR 2020](#))

### Formal Verification for ML models

- Abate ([MEMOCODE 2017](#))
- Urban and Miné ([arxiv 2021](#))

### Research Publication Standards

- Willis and Stodden ([HDSR 2020](#))
- ML Commons ([Github](#))
- National Academies Reproducibility Report ([NASEM 2019](#))

Many many more...

# ML Model Checking: A Novel Approach

- Previous work in AI involves applying formal techniques using SMT (satisfiability modulo theory) solvers, constraint solving, or abstract numerical interpretation.
- We exploit specialized features of ML pipelines and propose a *reproducibility* approach ([NASEM 2019](#)):
  - Exposure of methods
  - Well-defined guarantees in correctness of results

### 3. Automating ML Model Checking: Reproscreeener

- Automate ML model checking *at the point of publication*, to provide guarantees on correctness, scalability, and transparency.
- Reproscreeener software tool verifies criteria and provides feedback<sup>1</sup>.

Available at [reproscreeener.org](https://reproscreeener.org) and <https://github.com/Machine-Learning-Pipelines/reproscreeener/>

# Criteria used by Reproscreener

1. ML model criteria for publication based on Gunderson 2018.
2. Code/repo criteria (when found by Reproscreener) based on Krafczyk et al 2020.

Implemented in a labelled testbed of arXiv publications

- 50 most recent arXiv preprint submissions in stat.ML and CS.GL from October 25 2022.

# Reproscreeener Performance on Testbed Preprints (based on Gunderson 2018)

Metric	Proportion Correct (n=50)
Code available	0.82
Hypothesis stated	0.60
Experimental setup	0.54
Dataset available	0.48
Problem stated	0.36
Predicted result	0.30
Research method	0.28
Objective/Goal	0.28
Research question	0.16

# Reproscreeener Performance on Code (based on Krafczyk et al 2020)

Metric	Proportion Correct (n=22)
Readme has dependencies info	0.45
Readme has setup instructions	0.45
Readme has requirements info	0.41
Readme has install instructions	0.41
Wrapper scripts	0.36
Dependency tracking files	0.32

# ChatGPT4 Performance on Abstracts

Metric	Proportion Correct (n=50)
Code available	1.00
Research question	0.96
Hypothesis stated	0.88
Dataset available	0.88
Objective/Goal	0.88
Problem stated	0.82
Predicted result	0.52
Research method	0.46
Experimental setup	0.46

# ChatGPT mistake examples

## “Problem stated”

**GPT’s found phrase:** Upcoming large astronomical surveys are expected to capture an unprecedented number of strong gravitational lensing systems.

**Manually found phrase:** The absence of large quantities of representative data from current astronomical surveys motivates the development

**GPT’s conclusion:** The problem is stated in the abstract. FALSE

**Notes:** The Problem here is the fact that large amounts of data is *missing* from surveys and not that the surveys are expected to capture a large number of systems.

## “Dataset available”

**GPT’s found phrase:** Our investigation on 59 different USB flash drives---belonging to 17 brands, including the top brands purchased on Amazon in mid-2019---reveals a minimum classification accuracy of 98.2% in the identification of both brand and model, accompanied by a negligible time and computational overhead.

**GPT’s conclusion:** Dataset is available. FALSE

# Extending “Gunderson 2018” Criteria

## ReproScreener Goals:

- Automatically check specific guidances to improve correctness of ML models to predict error bounds, capture and identifies difference in model output at scale (due to architecture, non-determinism, etc.)
- Enable comparison of model code through:
  - Checking for modularity, file structure, dependencies.
  - Checking for steps/scripts to create figures & visualizations.
  - Tracking model benchmarks and provenance.
- Real world case studies to demonstrate ReproScreener’s functionality

# ReproScreener Open Source Development (work in progress)

```
→reproscreeper main --arxiv https://arxiv.org/e-print/2106.07704 --repo https://github.com/HanGuo97/soft-Q-learning-for-text-generation
Paper evaluation: 2106.07704
Downloaded source: https://arxiv.org/e-print/2106.07704 to
case-studies/individual/2106.07704/paper
Paper ID: 2106.07704
Title: Efficient (Soft) Q-Learning for Text Generation with Limited Good Data
Found Variables:
- research_method
- training_data
- method_source_code
- objective
- hypothesis
- problem
- research_questions
Found Links:
- https://github.com/GEM-benchmark/GEM-metrics
- https://github.com/HanGuo97/soft-Q-learning-for-text-generation).
- https://github.com/pytorch/fairseq/tree/master/examples/roberta
Repository evaluation
Repo directory already exists:
case-studies/individual/2106.07704/repo/soft-Q-learning-for-text-generation/soft-Q-learning-for-text-generation, use the overwrite flag to download
```

Category	Variable	Found?	Extensions
Dependencies	requirements	Found	.txt
Dependencies	Dockerfile	Not Found	
Dependencies	setup.py	Not Found	
Dependencies	environment	Not Found	.yaml
Dependencies	Pipfile	Not Found	
Dependencies	pyproject.toml	Not Found	
Dependencies	pip_reqs	Not Found	.txt
Dependencies	conda_reqs	Not Found	.txt
Parsed Readme	readme_requirements	Found	
Parsed Readme	readme_setup	Found	
Parsed Readme	readme_install	Not Found	
Parsed Readme	readme_dependencies	Not Found	
Wrapper Scripts	run_experiments	Found	.py, .sh
Wrapper Scripts	run	Not Found	.py, .sh
Wrapper Scripts	main	Not Found	.py, .sh
Wrapper Scripts	run_all	Not Found	.py, .sh
Wrapper Scripts	MAKEFILE	Not Found	
Wrapper Scripts	Makefile	Not Found	
Wrapper Scripts	Dockerfile	Not Found	

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Machine-Learning-Pipelines/re x +

github.com/Machine-Learning-Pipelines/repro-screener

README.md

## ReproScreener

ReproScreener aims to address challenges in robustness, transparency and interpretability of ML models by automating verification of machine learning models at scale.

### Project structure

- `case-studies` contain the papers that ReproScreener is tested on
- `guidance` contain the set of metrics that ReproScreener will check for

### Features

- Automatically check specific guidances to improve correctness of ML models
- Predict, capture and identify differences in model output at scale (due to architecture, non-determinism, etc.)
- Enable comparison of model code through
  - Checks for modularity, file structure, dependencies
  - Checks for steps/scripts to create figures & visualizations
  - Track model benchmarks and provenance

# Conclusion: The Model Checking Value Proposition Revisited

Reproscreener:

1. can assist in automatically checking manuscripts and code for the satisfaction of relevant criteria,
2. is a research tool that enables us to study and refine criteria based on desired goals.

Goal: Boundedness guarantees regarding correctness of reproduced results compared to original ML pipeline.

# Thank you!

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Department of Industrial and Systems Engineering  
University of Southern California



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